The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR—— VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1785. (No. 66.)

To be Let on Ground-Rent for ever, to the higheſt Bidder, on Tueſday the 21ſt Day of June next, on the Premiſes,

ABOUT 200 LOTS of GROUND, adjoining the Town of Alexandria, pleaſantly ſituated between Oronoko and Queen ſtreets, at no great diſtance from ſeveral commodious wharves, and convenient to the beſt water in that town. The Lots have in general 20 feet front, and ſome of them 43 feet 5 inches; and in depth they are, ſome 75 feet, ſome 83 feet, ſome 96 feet, and many of them 123 feet 5 inches.——They will be let free from rent for two years from the day of ſale.

April 14, 1785. DAVID GRIFFITH.

Jeſſe Taylor,

Has juſt imported in the Brig Triton, Capt. Young, from Liverpool, the following Goods, viz.

Flowered and ſtriped muſlins,
Printed, flowered, and bordered Marſeilles quilting, and jeanets,
Princes, Pruſſian and Dutch cords,
Silk, lorrets and velvet cords,
Snowdenets and queen's ditto,
Plain and corded demities,
Counterpanes,
Paolian rib and rib delures,
Satinets and beavers,
Dyed jeans and jeanets,
Honeycombed, and figured velverets,
Flowered and ſpotted ditto,
Corduroys and cordurets,
Black, blue and red velvets,
Pillow, and pocket fuſtians,
Furniture and apron check,
Cotton and linen ditto,
Check and ſilk handkerchiefs,
Striped Hollands,
Printed linens, and cottons.

The foregoing, with a great variety of other Goods now on hand ſuitable for the ſeaſon, he will ſell by wholeſale or retail, cheap for caſh or country produce.

Alexandria, April 18, 1785.

☞ SPRING GOODS.

Jonathan Swift and Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store on Captain Harper's Wharf,

A General Aſſortment of SPRING GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt moderate Terms, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Furs, Wheat, Flour or Tobacco.—Excellent London Porter in Hampers, a few Barrels of Meſs Beef and Pork, and Weſt-India Goods of all Kinds.

Alexandria, April 19, 1785.

Dumfries, April 18, 1785.

David Forbes,

HAS for ſale at this place, a general aſſortment of MEDICINES, amounting to £. 2000 ſterling coſt, which he will ſell as low as any on the continent; they are lately imported, and, I think, good. Alſo, four ſets of inſtruments complete, and ſix ſets of pocket inſtruments.

WE the Subſcribers, being informed that Major Samuel Cox is again offering the mill and lands adjacent for ſale, that he is at preſent poſſeſſed of on Gooſe-Creek, Loudon County; in conſequence whereof, we think proper to inform the public, that we, in January 1779, made a fair purchaſe of ſaid mill and lands, which will appear from an inſtrument of writing entered into with ſaid Cox on the date aforeſaid.—Said Cox refuſing to make us deeds for the ſame agreeably thereto, we in the aforeſaid year brought ſuit to compel him, which is yet undetermined.

ROBERT WRIGHT,
JOSEPH BRADEN,
JAMES CROOKS.

Loudon County, April 22, 1785.

Joſeph Marie Perrin,

Hath lately removed from the Corner of Fairfax and Queen-Streets to his own Houſe on Royal-Street, oppoſite to the Court-Houſe, where he will ſell by Wholeſale or Retail,

BLACK modes, luſtrings, florentines, ſatin of divers colours, black prunellas, a large aſſortment of ribbons, ladies' kidſkin gloves, calicoes, chintzes, hairpowder, ladies' fans, hats, ſilk ſtockings, and a variety of other articles.

Alexandria, April 21, 1785.

Juſt imported by the Subſcriber, in the Brig Triton, George Young, Maſter, from Liverpool, and to be Sold cheap for Ready-Caſh, at the Vendue-Store, oppoſite the Court-Houſe,

SINGLE and double refined loaf ſugar, Liverpool ale of the beſt quality in bottles, and Cheſhire cheeſe in hampers. Alſo for ſale, bohea, common green, and hyſon tea, muſcovado ſugar in barrels, molaſſes, coffee, chocolate, Weſt-India and Continental rum, with a variety of DRY-GOODS.

CYRUS COPPER.

Alexandria, April 26, 1785.

TO BE SOLD OR FREIGHTED,

The Brig TRITON.

She is a ſtrong faſt ſailing veſſel, built ſince the war, is well found, and will carry about 300 barrels. Inquire of

CYRUS COPPER.

Alexandria, April 26, 1785.

Alexandria and Baltimore Packet.

THE Schooner LOTTERY, ZACHARIAH MANN, Maſter, will ply conſtantly as a Packet from Alexandria to Baltimore twice a Month, and touch at Annapolis, or at any Place on the River Potomack, where Freight may offer.—Goods, on Freight from this to Baltimore (in the Abſence of the Maſter) will be received by Meſſrs. Williams, Cary and Company, Merchants in Alexandria.—— Care will be taken of Goods, &c, committed to his Charge, and the Favors of the Public gratefully acknowledged.

April 25, 1785.

Loudon County, April 16, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 2nd of March, a Mulatto Man, named HARRY, but calls himſelf HARRY JACKSON; he is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well made and very active, has a ſcar on his forehead, is fond of liquor, and can work at the ſhoemaking buſineſs: He took with him his common working cloaths, which were cotton, but it is probable he may have got others.—I have reaſon to apprehend that he is lurking about the lower end of Fairfax County as he has many relations there.—Whoever delivers the ſaid Fellow to Col. DENNIS RAMSAY in Alexandria, or to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive EIGHT DOLLARS reward.

THADDEUS M'CARTY.

WHEREAS it hath been induſtriously propagated that I have quit keeping a public houſe, I beg leave to inform the public, that I have no ſuch intention, but on the contrary have lately furniſhed my houſe with the beſt liquors, &c. for the accommodation of gentlemen, and will kindly thank any who may pleaſe to favor me with their cuſtom.

THOMAS ROPER.

Leeſburg, March 26, 1785.

Juſt imported in the Schooner St. George, Captain Denny, from Grenada, and to be Sold by

William Wilſon,

RUM in puncheons and barrels, of high proof and well flavoured,
Muſcovado ſugar in barrels,
A few pipes of old Madera wine, London particular quality,
And a few boxes of mould candles.

Alexandria, April 26, 1785.

For Sale,

THE SCHOONER St. GEORGE now lying in this harbour, a Britiſh veſſel of about 90 tons burthen, and a good ſailor.—An inventory of which will be ſhewn by the ſubſcriber.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM WILSON.

Alexandria, April 26, 1785.

William Lowry and Co.

Have the pleaſure to inform their Friends and the Country Traders, that they have juſt received their Spring Aſſortment, which will be ſold on reaſonable Terms, by Wholeſale only, for Caſh, Produce, or ſhort Credit; they conſiſt of the following Articles, viz.

A General aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, and coarſe cloths, caſſimers, caſſinets and other faſhionable articles for ſummer wear, a variety of printed cottons, calicoes and linens, printed, ſilk, bandano, romal and lawn handkerchiefs, cambricks, a general aſſortment of ſouſlee, ſtriped, plain and ſpotted gauzes, ribbons, modes, ſarſenets, thread edgings, ſilk mitts, pelongs, &c. jeans, fuſtians, Waſhington cords, Elliot's ſtripes, cordureens, cotton ſatinets, king's cords, demities, German cords, muſlin ſtripes, and a variety of other Manchester goods; mens', womens', and youths' cotton and thread hoſe, womens' ſhoes, calamancoes, ruſſels, durants, camlets, wildbores, tammies, cotton and linen checks, 4-4 and 7 Iriſh linens, 9-8 wide Iriſh ſheetings, a few oſnaburgs, a neat aſſortment of hardware in which is a variety of metal buttons, plated and braſs buckles, ſpurs, pewter ſpoons, knives, &c. an aſſortment of foolſcap, poſt and other writing paper, blank books, quills, pens, inkpowder, wafers, &c.

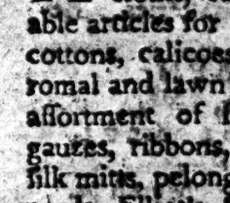
An elegant FORTE PIANO for ſale, price 16 guineas.—Alſo, a neat Finger ORGAN, with diapaſon only, price 30 guineas.

All thoſe and many other articles are received in addition to their former aſſortment.

☞ They have removed to the ſtore where Mr. Henry Lyles lately kept his ſtore, on Fairfax ſtreet, near King-ſtreet.

Alexandria, April 19, 1785.

—Open his Mouth and look in.—



RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at Hooe's-Ferry, on the 25th of March laſt, DAVY, a ſmall black Negro man ſlave, very thin viſage, moſt of his teeth are decayed by the venereal diſorder, with an entire loſs of the palate of his mouth, which occaſions him to ſnuffle ſo exceedingly that it is difficult to underſtand him. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſlave and brings him to me, or ſecures him in any gaol ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive a reward of FIVE GUINEAS, provided he is taken 20 miles from home, if leſs than 20 miles, ONE GUINEA.

GERARD HOOE.

Hooe's-Ferry, April 2, 1785.

M'Murray's Maps of the UNITED STATES

are received at the Printing-Office, and ready to be delivered to the Subſcribers.

Alexandria, April 21, 1785.

STRASBURG, Feb. 25.

SERIOUS preparations for war are making at this place: The King's Commiſſary, the Jew Cerf Berlin, has collected proviſions and forage for an army of two hundred thouſand men. The ſame activity is exerted in all the other frontier towns, where a great number of convents are converted into ſtores and magazines.

BRUSSELS, December 10.

The preſent important affairs of the ſtate do not take up ſo much of his Imperial Majeſty's time but what he can find leiſure to attend to his favorite object, the uſual reform of religious houſes. The following circular letter was ſent by the Emperor to all the ſuperiors of Mendicant Friars in the Auſtrian Netherlands.

The Emperor and King.

Reverend Father in God, our dear and well beloved,

OUR intentions being to introduce amongſt the Mendicant Orders, a reform which may prove beneficial to religion, and the welfare of the ſtate, by employing each individual of thoſe ſaid orders in the cure of ſouls, the inſtruction of youth, and ſuch other offices:—We write you this letter, with only the advice and declaration of the moſt ſerene the Governors of the Netherlands, directing you to lay, within the ſpace of one month, before our privy council, a clear and full account of what follows:

1ſt. The number and ſituation of the convents of that order within the country.—2dly, The name, age, and time of profeſſion of every individual, whether in prieſt's orders, clerks, or lay friars, of each convent.—3dly, The time, age, and year of the entering of paſtulants or novices.—4thly, The function of each individual both in and out of the monaſteries.

To the above you ſhall add an exact and correct liſt of the various objects, and of the produce ariſing from alms beſtowed on each convent in particular. And whereas the number of Mendicants is by far too numerous both in town and country, you ſhall deliver your opinion on the moſt proper means of effecting a re-union of ſome of the ſaid convents, together with the pariſhes in which the friars of your convents might be employed, and in what manner.

Finally, we ſtrictly enjoin, till our pleaſure is further known, that no novice be in future admitted to your order, without the expreſs conſent of our Governor-General, to whom you may apply on the ſubject whenever you ſhall think it indiſpenſible to admit novices in any of the ſaid monaſteries. Being, &c.

(Signed) JOSEPH.
KAUNITZ, Vt.
TH. DE KAUL.

AIX-LA-CHAPELLE, March 3.

The plan of the approaching campaign is ſaid to be already arranged. The difficulties advanced by the Porte with reſpect to aſcertaining the limits, have induced the Court of Vienna to eſtabliſh on her frontiers towards Turkey a camp of 30,000 men, for the purpoſe of holding a check upon the numerous garriſon of Belgrade, and the other troops in the environs of that city. It is alſo ſaid there will be an encampment of 30,000 men in Moravia, and another body of 70,000 under Field Marſhal Loudohn at Colin, to prevent the Pruſſian troops from traverſing the mountains.

LONDON, March 3.

Extract of a letter from the Engliſh Conſul at Algiers, dated Feb. 11, 1785.

"The inhabitants of this city are making the greateſt preparations imaginable to receive the freſh viſit, which, according to the report current here, the Spaniards propoſe to pay them next ſpring: Nevertheleſs, the manner in which they were received, ought to have diſguſted them from a new attempt. To give you an idea of the reception prepared for them, I muſt tell you plainly, that I do not believe that a force three times more numerous than that which aſſailed the immortal Elliot at Gibraltar, could remain one week, perhaps one hour, before this city. Before they arrive here, they muſt ſilence, not only the formidable artillery of the caſtle, but alſo that of the mole, five hundred toiſes in length, which they muſt paſs before, as alſo under the fire of a new battery raiſed lately by the Algerines, which they propoſed to call the Devil's battery, in honor of that name at Gibraltar. Suppoſing they find means to ſurmount theſe obſtacles, they will be obliged, on their landing, to ſtand againſt a moſt numerous and warlike army. Theſe troops, ſince the laſt attack, have been well diſciplined, and make a moſt formidable appearance. Such difficulties, added to local ones, will undoubtedly make the Spaniards repent of their obſtinate raſhneſs; they would ſucceed much better, if, to reduce thoſe pirates, they employed gold; that ſeducing metal would operate with much greater force on the minds of an avaricious, but brave people, than all the attempts againſt a place ſo well fortified."

March 4. We are told, that on the day appointed for a cabinet council, to determine what part the Court of France ſhould take in the diſpute between the Emperor and the Dutch, the Queen contrived to throw herſelf in the way of Count de Vergennes, the Prime Miniſter, as he was going to attend the cabinet, and accoſted him to the following purport: "Sir, I hope you will not forget to-day, that the Emperor of Germany is my brother." To which the Count replied, "No, Madam, I certainly ſhall not; neither will I forget that the Dauphin is your ſon."

Extract of a letter from Madras, dated September 15, 1784.

"By way of news, I have to inform you, that the great Nizam, and likewiſe the Mahratas, are jealous of Tippoo, who has ſtruck rupees in his own name, an honor never uſurped by any Prince of Indoſtan before. He calls himſelf Tippoo Sultan Babadar, and every thing that is great.

"Tippoo has diſciplined his infantry in the ſame manner as we do, and in Engliſh.—Certainly there are no troops but ours who can oppoſe him. Had the war been carried on till now it is doubtful whether he might not have well nigh driven us into the ſea. In a word, it is probable we ſhall ſoon have a war of ſome kind or other. We muſt, however, be paid ſomewhere elſe than from our treaſury, which is drained to a piece.

St. James's, March 4. Yeſterday Mr. John Temple was at levee at St. James's, and kiſſed the King's hand, on being appointed conſul from Great-Britain to America.

DUBLIN, Feb. 26.

Laſt Saturday a poor man from Summerhill brought a horſe laden with two ſacks of potatoes to Darby-ſquare, while he was carrying one ſack up ſtairs, the pavement gave way, by which the horſe and other ſack of potatoes, fell into a cavern forty feet deep, in the bottom of which there were a great quantity of coffins, bones, &c. The oldeſt inhabitants had no idea that there was any vaults or caverns in that place. It might be well worth the attention of the curious, who are verſed in antiquity, to examine into the origin of this place, which is ſuppoſed to be a Daniſh burying place.

March 15. By a gentleman from London, we hear, that one of the Indiamen lately arrived, has brought an oſtrich of the moſt extraordinary ſize, perhaps, ever ſeen, which, notwithſtanding a tedious paſſage of near ſeven months, is in perfect health. It is of the male kind, is a native of the deſert of Suez, between Egypt and Arabia, and meaſures near fourteen hands high.

March 16. A number of well executed counterfeit dollars are now in circulation, and unleſs by cutting, or the moſt ſtrict examination, their baſeneſs cannot be diſcovered. By the unexampled activity of the ſheriffs, they found means of procuring information where a quantity of ſuch bad coin was depoſited, as alſo a number of counterfeit half guineas, which after a ſtrict ſearch they got poſſeſſion of.

March 17. A tax upon emigrants would oblige numbers to ſtay at home, to be ſtarved: This would produce ſpectacles to gratify the hatred and malignancy of tax framers, who are reſolved to try what conſequences may reſult from inſult, deſpair and diſtreſs. Broken ſpirit and tame ſubmiſſion are what they flatter themſelves with; but wrongs infinitely leſs than thoſe we ſuffer often rouze the ſpirit of vengeance.

The caſtle hacks talk of diſmembering the empire; but they care not a ruſh for the univerſal diſcontents that oppreſſive taxes, now to be raiſed, have cauſed. No, no,—they ſeem to forget that a trifling STAMP ACT loſt America FOR EVER to England,—that this ſingle meaſure, founded in tyranny and folly, has, from the zenith and pride of power, reduced her to ſuch a ſituation, that ſhe is ſcoffed at and deſpiſed by ſurrounding nations; and yet, with their experience the *boy miniſter*, aping the conduct of Lord *Buſſorn*, is carrying the ſame meaſure here with tenfold ſeverity.

KINGSTON, (*Jamaica*) March 9.

By all accounts from the country, we are given to underſtand, that the preſent crop of ſugar-canes, promiſes to be immenſely rich and abundant—Nature, profuſe in bounty, having poured her invaluable treaſures, with unſparing hand, in the laps of the induſtrious planters.

We learn from the mouth of a gentleman of veracity, juſt arrived from Hiſpaniola, that the port of Cape-Nichola-Mole is ſhut againſt all American veſſels whatever, by expreſs command of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty; and that it is hereafter to be conſidered only in the light of the King's port.

BOSTON, April 6.

By Captain Elwell, bound from Virginia to Liſbon, who arrived here yeſterday, we are informed, that on his paſſage near the banks of Newfoundland, he ſpoke with a veſſel bound to Philadelphia, the maſter of which declared that he had fell in with a Liverpool ſhip, from which he had received information of a Mooriſh cruiſer having captured ſix American veſſels, and had the Maſters of them priſoners on board. In conſequence of which Captain Elwell thought beſt to tack about and proceed for this port.

NEW-LONDON, April 15.

We have advice by Captain Joſeph Phillips, who arrived here laſt week (paſſenger) from St. Martin's, that the iſland of St. Bartholomew having been ceded to Sweden by the King of France, it was taken poſſeſſion of about the firſt of laſt month, by the ſubjects of the former, who had alloted out the lands for the purpoſe of erecting buildings; that it was made a free port for all nations, and that it was probable it would ſoon become a place of conſiderable conſequence for commerce.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, February 14.

"Don Barcelo gives up, as we learn, the command of the ſquadron deſtined againſt Algiers; and the command is to be conferred on Don Antonio D'Acre. The fleet takes a large quantity of artillery, which are now fitting in this arſenal."

A letter from Liſbon ſays, that the Queen has publiſhed an edict, that no American ſhall pay any duty in any of her ports provided the ſhips are loaded with the productions of their own country only; and that no American ſhips ſhall be ſearched by any of her officers, when they are ready to get under ſail—a privilege no ſhips of other nations have.

Extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, dated March 3, 1785.

"The preſent is particularly to inform you, that there has been lately an edict publiſhed here, prohibiting ſpermaceti candles and flour, on pain of confiſcation of both veſſel and cargo. We pray you to publiſh this in your papers immediately, for the benefit of your friends, who may ignorantly expoſe their property. The edict is ſevere, and we ſuppoſe will remain in force for ſome time. Sugar and coffee are alſo prohibited on the ſame penalty."

April 27. A gentleman, that came in the Harmony from London, was informed the day he ſailed that a houſe in London had received a letter from Gibraltar of the 14th February, to the following purpoſe:

'Our letters from Barbary mention, that the 'American veſſel lately taken, together with all her 'crew, are ordered to be releaſed, and that the Dey 'had iſſued ſtrict orders, forbidding his cruiſers to 'capture or moleſt any VESSELS belonging to 'the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.'

April 29.

Extract of a letter from Fort M'Intoſh April 12.

"There are only two of our priſoners yet brought in by the Indians; the remainder are ſhortly expected. Theſe two are fine little boys, can ſpeak no Engliſh, know not their parents or names, or whence they were taken from; one of them made an effort to leave us, and reſume barbariſm.

"It appears that this country may in time become a rich and populous ſettlement; that it is as well watered a country as moſt, cannot be queſtioned. The land ſeems good; but frequent conflagrations have deſtroyed the timber, in a great degree, in ſome parts. I took a tour up the Beaver Creek, about thirty miles to an old Indian town, called Kuſkuſkoes. The place is really beautiful. There have once ſtood here about 100 houſes.

"There are frequent emigrations to Kentucky, by way of this river; yet it ſeems probable, that when this country is once ready for inhabiting, it may induce ſome to ſtop ſhort, and perhaps be as well ſituated here as there. This garriſon is healthy."

A letter received from a moſt intelligent gentleman in Dublin, dated March 5, contains the following intereſting particulars: "The ſtate of politics in this country exhibits ſo many new pictures of infamy, corruption, tyranny and depravity, as rival all ancient and modern precedents. We ſeem to be a fallen nation—a muſhroom: One day in its growth—the next ſees its diſſolution. The Attorney-General, foremoſt in the ranks of tyranny, is proſecuting every perſon concerned in convening the counties, &c. to chooſe Delegates to Congreſs—and every printer who has publiſhed their reſolutions. Mr. Magee [proprietor of the Dublin Evening Poſt] was this day liberated from Newgate, after a long confinement, for contempt of Court: But he has yet to be tried for ſeveral fabricated offences, which will throw him on a ſpecial jury, who will find him guilty right or wrong. Mr. Rorke of Bridge-ſtreet, is to be confined ſix months, beſides paying large pecuniary mulcts. Poor Kidd [one of the proprietors of the Dublin Morning Poſt] lies there now, and is to be tried for new offences. Amidſt all theſe perſecutions, the work of infamy rolls onward in Parliament with uncommon celerity.—No reform—no protecting duties—no beneficial act: And, wonderful to tell, a reſolution of both houſes, "that the revenues ſhall be made up to equal the expenditures." With this view, the new taxes to be impoſed, aſtoniſh and alarm every man: An additional halfpenny on newſpapers, and a ſhilling on every ten lines of advertiſements, beſides a ſhilling for each advertiſement, as ſuch; and ſo in proportion to the number of columns

in each paper. Theſe taxes are with the double view of preventing the ſale of papers, and the publication of volunteer and county reſolutions, which you know are generally long. The other taxes are equally miſchievous and oppreſſive, and their is no oppoſing them."

BALTIMORE, *April* 29.

By a gentleman from Somerſet county, we are informed, that the ingenious Mr. JAMES DIAMOND, architect, in the county aforeſaid, has invented and brought into practice, an inſtrument ſo curiouſly calculated, as to determine the right line, diſtance, bearing, and magnitude of any object by ſight only, whether acceſſible or inacceſſible, without change of place or ſtation, by a method entirely new. The utility of ſuch an inſtrument, muſt be highly acceptable to thoſe who are practitioners in gunnery, navigation, ſurveying, &c. when it is conſidered, that the application is adapted to the meaneſt capacity. What renders this invention the more extraordinary is, that the moſt diſtant hint of the principles on which it is calculated, is not to be met with in Euclid, or any other ancient or modern author, which is no ſmall honor to the inventor, and to this country in general.

ALEXANDRIA, May 5.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Boſton to his Friend in this Town, dated April 14, 1785.

"Yeſterday arrived here the Cincinnatus, Capt. —— Farris, in 20 Days from London, with not more than Half a Cargo on Board, owing to the Britiſh being unwilling to freight in American Bottoms.—They have laid an additional Tax of 1d. per lb. on Tobacco; 7s. per Cent. on Rice; on Whale and other Oil, 20s. per Ton; and an enormous Tax on all American Produce.——The People here are highly exaſperated againſt the Engliſh, and it is doubtful whether they will ſuffer a further Importation of Britiſh Goods.——A Merchant from Halifax, who brought with him here a large Quantity of Britiſh Goods, amongſt which were a Parcel of ready-made Clothes, all which he advertiſed would be ſold lower than any were ever before ſold here.—The Merchants and Tradeſmen took the Alarm and wrote violently and ſpiritedly againſt ſuch a Step, conſequently the Sale of the ready-made Clothes is put off.—A Town Meeting will be called To-morrow, to take into Conſideration theſe important Matters, and what will be their Iſſue God only knows."

On Monday Evening laſt, being the Anniverſary of King Tamminy, an elegant Ball was given at Mr. Lomax's Tavern.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Schooner Barbadoes, J. Seymore, from Barbadoes; Ship Young Daniel, S. Wybrants, Liſbon; Schooner General Jones, E. Veale, North-Carolina.

Cleared Outwards. Sloop Polly, M. Clark, for Boſton; Sloop Molly Beverly, J. Chriſtie, Charleſton; Sloop Dolphin, A. Stewart, Philadelphia; Schooner Mary, T. M'Clain, Waſhington; Ship Jenny, D. Deſhon, Amſterdam.

From the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET *and* DAILY ADVERTISER.

To the PRINTERS.

IT is very extraordinary, that in this country of liberty, our fine ladies and fine gentlemen ſhould be the ſlaves of the moſt deſpotic, moſt cruel, moſt relentleſs tyrant in the world. With what face can they boaſt that they are the ſons and daughters of freedom, when it is notorious that, in the moſt important article of their lives, they bow their necks to the arbitrary mandates of a monarch, who tortures and renders them ridiculous, for his amuſement. Faſhion is the tyrant I mean; and certainly a more lawleſs, fantaſtical tyrant never exiſted. He pays no more regard to the remonſtrances of ſenſe and reaſon, than an archbiſhop to a country curate, or a prime miniſter to a private gentleman.

The firſt intention in cloathing our bodies, is, to keep them warm; and reaſon tells us, that every article of dreſs which is neither convenient nor ornamental, is abſurd; but faſhion tells us, that our ſhoes muſt terminate in a point as ſharp as that of a bodkin, and, in obedience to her commands, we immediately cramp our toes, and hobble along the ſtreets like fine ladies in China. Reaſon and experience inform us that there can be no beauty without proportion; but faſhion aſſures us that a ſhort waiſt is the ton, and all our females inſtantly reſemble the monſtrous figures in the Dutch pictures of the laſt century, or rather Dutch ſkippers, with a dozen pair of breeches. Nature and common ſenſe would tell us, that in the head-dreſs of a woman, nothing is ſo graceful and ſo becoming as their own ſhining locks, in flowing ringlets on their necks; but faſhion, in broken Engliſh aſſures their ladyſhips, that nothing is ſo much the ton, as to be unnatural; that every hair on a lady's head muſt be paſted and diſtorted in diametrical oppoſition to its natural poſition; that a certain number of curls are to ſtick out behind, at five inches diſtant from the head, and as perfectly ſtiff as if they were made of wood and ſtone; that an immenſe horſe tail muſt be fixed to their heads, ſo large, that it cannot be miſtaken for their own hair, and ſo plaſtered as to reſemble no hair at all. But what provokes me moſt is, that our fools of faſhion are held in perpetual deriſion by the creatures they employ; by milliners and hair-dreſſers, who diſguiſe them for their amuſement. If I were a prime miniſter, I would transfer the burthen of taxation from the rational, the induſtrious part of the community, to theſe uſeleſs inſtruments of faſhion, and their ſilly employers, and thus render them, in ſome meaſure, uſeful to ſociety.

Your's, &c.

SOCIUS.

FOR SALE,
On very reaſonable Terms,
A quantity of Liſbon Salt,
on board the Young Daniel, Captain Wybrants, now lying at the County Wharf.—Apply to
WILLIAM WILSON.
Alexandria, May 2, 1785.

To be CHARTERED to any PORT in EUROPE,

THE Dutch Ship YOUNG DANIEL, Captain WYBRANTS, with a Mediterranean paſs; ſhe is an exceeding ſtrong, good veſſel, of about 500 hogſheads of tobacco burthen.—For terms apply to WILLIAM WILSON.

☞ He has for ſale, a quantity of CORDAGE and CANVAS.
Alexandria, May 2, 1785.

☞ NEW TEAS.
Jeſſe Taylor,
Has juſt imported, in the Ship Young Daniel, Capt. Wybrants,
A Quantity of TEAS, which he will ſell by the Quarter Cheſt, on reaſonable Terms for Caſh, Country Produce, or a ſhort Credit.
Alexandria, May 3, 1785.

Robert Lyle,
INFORMS his friends and cuſtomers in general, that he has removed his ſtore higher up Fairfax-ſtreet, oppoſite the Printing-Office. He thanks the public in general for their former cuſtom, and would be glad of a continuation of their favours. Said Lyle has DRY and WET GOODS for ſale as uſual. He will ſell THREE LOTS of GROUND, in fee-ſimple, or will ground-rent them for ever.
N. B. He has a few cheſts of GREEN and BOHEA TEA for ſale.
Alexandria, May 5, 1785.

WINCHESTER RACES.
ON Wedneſday the 25th of May next, will be run for over the courſe near this Town, a purſe of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horſe, mare or gelding. Aged horſes carrying ten ſtone, ſix years old nine ſtone ſeven pounds, five years old eight ſtone and ten pounds, four years old ſeven ſtone and ten pounds, and three years old a feather.—On Thurſday the 26th, will be run for over the ſame ground, a purſe of TWENTY POUNDS, free for any horſe, mare or gelding (the winning horſe the preceding day excepted) carrying the ſame weights, and the beſt two in three two mile heats for each purſe. The horſes to be entered with Mr. EDWARD M'GUIRE the day preceding the race. Subſcribers paying entrance twenty ſhillings, and non-ſubſcribers thirty for the firſt purſe, or double at the poſt; and for the ſecond, a ſubſcriber fifteen ſhillings, and a non ſubſcriber twenty, or double at the poſt. And on Friday the 28th, will be run for, the entrance-money of both days, or ſweepſtakes, free for any horſe, mare or gelding (except thoſe of the two preceding days) carrying the ſame weights, and alſo the beſt two in three two mile heats. All diſputes to be ſettled by the managers.
Winchester, April 26, 1785.

TO BE LET,
On reaſonable Terms,
A Good STOREHOUSE for wet and dry goods, on Clements-Bay, in St. Mary's-County, about five or ſix miles from Llewellin's Warehouſe; the tide flows within two or three yards of the doors of ſaid ſtore, and veſſels of conſiderable burthen may lay within twenty yards of the ſhore in a fine pleaſant harbour. The above houſe has a cellar below, a ſtore, a counting room and granary, and is well ſituated for cuſtom.—Any perſon inclinable to rent the ſame, may have it for one, two, three or more years, by applying to the Subſcriber on the premiſes.
JAMES HEARD.
April 23, 1785.

Juſt arrived in the Schooner Barbadoes, Captain Seymore, from Barbadoes, and to ſold by
Richard Conway,
A Quantity of good RUM, on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh, Flour or Indian-Corn. He has on Hand very good SUGAR in Barrels, to ſell as above.
Alexandria, May 5, 1785.

PUBLIC VENDUE.
On Thurſday the 12th Inſtant, will be Sold at Public Vendue,
THE SCHOONER St. GEORGE, with all her tackle and apparel as ſhe came from ſea, now lying off Harper and Watſon's wharf, ſhe is a faſt ſailing veſſel, has good accommodations, will carry about five hundred barrels, is well found, her rigging and ſails nearly new, and has a Britiſh regiſter.——The terms are one half ready caſh, for the other half a credit of ſix weeks will be allowed, on bond with ſecurity if required.—Inventory of her materials may be ſeen at the Vendue-Store.
On the ſame day, weather permitting, will poſitively be ſold for ready caſh, Dr. DICK's Shop, together with a leaſe of near five years to come of the Lot on which it ſtands, ſubject to a ground-rent of Seven Pounds Ten Shillings per annum.—It is an excellent ſtand for a retail ſtore, being ſituated on the weſt ſide of Royal-ſtreet near the corner of King-ſtreet.—The purchaſer will have the privilege to remove the houſe off the lot at any time before or at the expiration of the leaſe, and be put in poſſeſſion clear of back-rent to the time of ſale.
C. COPPER, V. Maſter.
☞ On Saturday next, will be ſold at the Vendue-ſtore, as uſual, a variety of wet and dry GOODS.
Alexandria, May 4, 1785.

DROPPED from my ſervant's horſe, at the Bridge near the Church, about eight o'clock laſt evening, a pair of black SADDLE-BAGS with an iron lock, which contained a number of bonds, receipts, and other papers in a red pocket-book, ſome Continental State money, a State land warrant for about 15 or 1600 acres of land in my own name, two certificates in the name of Francis Willis, jun. of Berkeley County, one for £. 20 the other for 20 odd pounds, both dated 1783; two tobacco notes, one in the name of Thomas Alliſon, the other in the name of Daniel Stone, marked and numbered Alexandria Warehouſe, D. S. No. 798, 1127, 111, 1016; T. A. No. 807, 1121, 116, 1005; alſo, a large ſum of gold.—Whoever has found the bags, and will deliver them with the papers to Mr. COPPER, Vendue-Maſter, may keep the gold and no queſtions will be aſked. All perſons will pleaſe to take notice not to take up any bonds due me without my aſſignment, nor to purchaſe the above tobacco notes.——Among the number of bonds there are two replevy bonds, given by Mr. Henry Whiting to His Excellency George Waſhington, one for £. 150 8s. the other for £. 50; one bond given by Col. Anthony Thornton for £. 100 payable the firſt day of June next; one bond given by Robert B. Carter for 6000 *lb.* of crop tobacco; one bond given by Cuthbert Harriſon, Eſq; for 1100 *lb.* of tobacco; one bond given by William Heale, Eſq; for 1150 *lb.* of tobacco, with other bonds and accounts which I do not remember.
BATTAILE MUSE.
Alexandria, May 3, 1785.

Frederick County, Virginia, April 26, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 17th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named JOHN COURTNEY; he is about 16 or 17 years of age, of a fair freſh complexion, dark hair of a moderate length, a ſly reſerved countenance, ſpeaks ſlow and much on the Iriſh accent. His clothes, unleſs changed, are a drab coloured coarſe cloth lappelled waiſtcoat, made without ſkirts and lined with linen, and one half of the ſleeves is of a lighter colour than the reſt, a red ſtriped flannel jump under it, a pair of old blue pluſh breeches, and has either a pair of old black worſted or coarſe white yarn ſtockings on; he took two pair of old ſhoes with him, one of which has ſmall nails in the edges of the ſoles and heels.—He can write and poſſibly may forge himſelf a paſs.—I will give THREE POUNDS for apprehending and ſecuring him in any gaol, ſo that I may hear of him, or if brought to me will give one ſhilling per mile going and returning, beſides other reaſonable charges.
JOHN CORDELL.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who have any juſt demands againſt me, to bring in their accounts that they may be ſettled and payed; and all perſons who are indebted to me are likewiſe requeſted to make immediate payment, as I am very deſirous of having all my accounts cloſed.
JOHN OSBURNE.
Loudon County, April 26, 1785.

POETRY.

Meſſieurs PRINTERS,

If you find the following Lines worthy a Place in Poet's Corner, pleaſe to inſert them, and you will oblige yours, &c. JUVENIS.

A RURAL ODE.

WHEN Aurora gilds the morning,
With a ſweet delightful ray;
Blooming flow'rs the fields adorning,
In the charming month of May:
Then how pleaſant and contented,
Lives the lowly country clown;
In the valley unfrequented,
By the knaves who croud the town.

With the early lark awaking,
He enjoys the cheerful day,
Labour ev'ry hour partaking,
Whiſtling thought and care away.

Nature all his toil befriending,
Of her treaſure he's poſſeſt,
Health and peace his life attending—
Is the monarch half ſo bleſt?

Love with innocence combining,
His unſettled heart alarms,
Like the flow'rs in garlands twining
Sweetly various in their charms.

Happy clown who thus poſſeſſes,
Pleaſures unallow'd with ſtrife;
Wiſdom nothing more careſſes
Than the humble vale of life.

George-Town, April 29, 1785.

FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND in Alexandria, ſituated on Fairfax-ſtreet, about 30 feet in front by 123 feet in depth, with the conveniency of a 10 feet alley.—On the Lot is a STORE with a counting room, a back ſhed, a good cellar, and alſo a ſtable.

Alſo, a LOT of GROUND in Dumfries, near the landing, containing 122 feet in front by 108 feet in depth, on which is a brick houſe 54 feet by 28, a granary and bale-houſe each 30 by 18 (which may at a ſmall expence be converted into ſtores) and a good ſtable.——The whole will be ſold together or ſeparately as purchaſers may incline.

And to be Let on Ground-Rent for ever, a LOT in Alexandria, containing 44 feet on Fairfax-ſtreet, and 123 feet on Gibbon-Street.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM WILSON.

Alexandria, March 8, 1785.

A PERSON, who is well acquainted with buſineſs and trade in general, having been brought up in that line from his youth, and can ſatisfy any perſon of his abilities and character, offers his ſervice to any gentleman, as an aſſiſtant in a wholeſale or retail ſtore. As he is well acquainted with book-keeping and other accounts, he flatters himſelf he will give ſatisfaction to any merchant who may pleaſe to employ him. He is engaged to the latter end of this month with merchants at Elk-Ridge landing, at the expiration of which time he propoſes to be in this town. A line directed to A. B. and left with the Printers will be duly attended to.

Alexandria, April 5, 1785.

FOR SALE,

The following TRACTS of LAND lying in Waſhington County, and on Potomack River, viz.

THE Reſurvey on Sugar-Bottom, containing 360¼ acres; the Reſurvey on Dogwood-Plains, 263¾ acres; the Reſurvey on Walnut-Level, 255 acres; and the Reſurvey on Horſe-Lick, 302¼. Theſe Lands lay on the main road from Frederick-Town to Fort-Cumberland, about 70 miles from the former, and 14 miles only from Bath.——They are of the firſt quality, and will be ſold uncommonly cheap for ready-money. The price may be known by application to Doctor THOMAS of Frederick-Town, Mr. WILLIAM BAILEY of George-Town, or the Subſcriber. THOMAS H. HANSON.

Alexandria, March 28, 1785.

THE Copartnerſhip between WRIGHT and LONG being mutually diſſolved, they requeſt thoſe indebted to them would pleaſe to make immediate payment; and all thoſe to whom they are indebted are requeſted to bring in their accounts, and they ſhall be paid.——Attendance for the above-mentioned purpoſes is regularly given by Edward Long, who carries on the Taylor's Buſineſs in all its branches, near the

☞ Said WRIGHT alſo carries on his Buſineſs in the houſe of Mr. John Saunders.

Alexandria, April 19, 1785.

LANDS AND NEGROES FOR PUBLIC SALE,

To be Sold by Public Vendue at the Baltimore Furnace, about two Miles from Baltimore Town, on the 9th Day of May next, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon,

BETWEEN forty and fifty Slaves, conſiſting of Women, Girls and Boys, a conſiderable number of which are very likely. The terms of ſale for them are, three years credit, on the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity, on intereſt, to be paid annually.

Alſo, on the 16th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at Major Brown's Coffee-Houſe, in Baltimore-Town, will commence the ſale of that famous TRACT of LAND called PHILIPSBURGH, containing about 900 acres, lying very near ſaid Town, which was advertiſed by us on the 13th of September laſt for ſale, therefore ſhall now only add, that moſt of it is good farming Land, exceedingly well wooded, with a conſiderable quantity of ſhip and other timber.——It will be laid off in lots of various ſizes according to their ſituations, as part of it lies on Patapſco-River and Harris's-Creek, we apprehend there may be ſeveral good and convenient ſhip-yards, while thoſe lots at a greater diſtance from navigation, will be commodious for gentlemens' country-ſeats, ſmall farms, gardens, paſtures, &c. &c. The terms of ſale of this Land are, one ſhilling in the pound of the purchaſe-money to be paid down in caſh the next day after the ſale, and three years credit to be given on the reſidue, on giving bond with two or more approved ſecurities, with legal intereſt, to be paid annually. Any perſon deſirous to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, are requeſted to apply to Mr. Miles Love, at Gorſuch's-Point, near ſaid town.

Alſo, to be ſold, at the time and place laſt abovementioned, about 150 acres of LAND, lying about one and a half miles from Baltimore-Town, on which ſtands the Mount-Royal Forge, with other very conſiderable improvements.—This Land will be laid out in ſeveral lots as it may be thought will beſt ſuit the purchaſers. It has been ſuggeſted to us, that there are ſeveral valuable mill-ſeats on this land, excluſive of the one where the forge now ſtands, we therefore recommend it to thoſe gentlemen inclinable to ſpeculate, to view the premiſes, which will be ſhewn by Mr. Zachariah M'Cubbin, Surveyor in ſaid Town, who will alſo ſhew the plats of the whole of the above Lands. The terms of ſale of this laſt mentioned Land are the ſame as thoſe of Philipſburgh, except that the one-fifth of the purchaſe-money of this is to be paid down in caſh the next day after the ſale, inſtead of one ſhilling in the pound.—Attendance will be given at the different times and places of ſale, by

CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERRYMAN.

Baltimore, March 30, 1785.

REPUBLICAN,

Bred by the late Mr. William Brent of Stafford County, ſtands at my ſtable in Brent-Town, Prince-William County, five years old, about 15½ hands high, and will cover mares this ſeaſon till the firſt day of Auguſt next enſuing, at THREE POUNDS.—Thoſe who will be pleaſed to favor me with their cuſtom, are deſired to ſend the caſh or their notes of hand with their mares, payable by the firſt of Auguſt next.—Good paſturage, gratis, for all mares that come a diſtance, and the greateſt care ſhall be taken of them, but I will not be liable for eſcapes or other accidents.

Republican was got by True-Whig out of Young Selima, ſiſter to the noted Chatham; Selima was got by Col. Baylor's imported Fearnought, out of Mr. William Brent's Ebony; ſhe was out of Col. Taſker's Selima, by Othello, both imported by him; True-Whig was got by Regulus, out of the noted ſwift and high bred horſe Apollo's Dam; Regulus was bred by Col. Baylor, and got by his horſe Fearnought out of Jenny Diſmal, who was got by Old Diſmal; he won one thouſand guineas ſweepſtakes, and five King's plates without ever being once beaten; his ſire the Godolphin Arabian; Jenny Diſmal's dam was got by Lord Godolphin's Whitefoot; Regulus, while the property of Mr. Fitzhugh, won at Annapolis £.50, at Port-Royal £.50, at Annapolis two of £.50 each; at Upper Marlborough £.50, at Leeds-Town £.60, and at Fredericksburg the jockey-club purſe of 100 guineas, where he carried ten ſtone.

JOHN T. FITZHUGH.

April 1, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA and NORFOLK PACKET.

THE Schooner ROVING NANCY will ſail as a Packet from Alexandria to Norfolk, being well calculated for freight or paſſage, and will ſail on the 1ſt and 20th of each month.—

EZEKIEL HUDNALL, Maſter.

Alexandria, April 18, 1785.

THE Subſcribers to the ſcheme for opening and extending the navigation of Potomack River, are deſired to take notice, that a meeting of the Subſcribers will be held on the 17th of next month, at the houſe of Mr. John Lomax, in the town of Alexandria, to elect Directors, &c. for carrying on the work, agreeable to laws paſſed in the States of Virginia and Maryland.

WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.
BENJAMIN STODDERT,
JOHN FITZGERALD,
WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, } Managers.

Alexandria, April 9, 1785.

To be Let,

On Ground-Rent for ever,

SUNDRY LOTS of GROUND, ſituated on Fairfax, Prince and Royal Streets.—The Terms may be known by applying to the Subſcriber, who will attend at Mr. Wiſe's Tavern for that Purpoſe on the Third Monday in next Month, being Court-Day. NATHANIEL C. HUNTER.

April 20, 1785.

To be Sold, or exchanged for Land in Loudon, Fairfax, Prince-William, Fauquier, Frederick, or Berkely Counties, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land on the Weſtern Waters, viz.

ONE TRACT of 1191 acres, in Monongalia County, ſituated on Papaw-Creek, a branch of Monongalia River, about 6 miles from ſaid river, which is navigable a conſiderable diſtance above the ſaid creek; this Land is well ſtocked with ſugar-tree, poplar, white and black oak timber; and as there is a conveniency for building mills on it, a ſaw-mill will be very advantageous, there being a great demand for plank for the purpoſe of boat-building, to tranſport emigrants to the lower parts of that country.

One other TRACT in the ſame County, containing 1000 acres, lying on the waters of Morgan's-Run, about 3 miles from a good landing on Cheat-River, where the boat-building buſineſs is carried on; and would alſo be an excellent place for a ſaw-mill, there being a great quantity of good timber on the tract. On this Land, I am credibly informed, there is a large body of iron ore, and ſufficient ſtreams of water to erect any kind of Iron-Works on, and timber to ſupport them.

Alſo, ſeveral TRACTS of LAND in Jefferſon County, containing 2925 acres; as this Land was located at an early period, I expect it is of an excellent quality.

Likewiſe, an undivided moiety (or half) of 282561 acres of located LAND, in a good part of the country as the Locator informed me.

I have alſo in the town of Leeſburg, THREE unimproved LOTS to ſell, well ſituated, containing in front 47 feet each; and extending back 102 feet, with the privilege of a 10 feet alley to each Lot. For terms apply to the Subſcriber in ſaid town.

SAMUEL CANBY.

Leeſburg, April 11, 1785.

To be Sold at Public Auction, on Friday the 20th of May next, if not ſold before at private Sale,

THE STOREHOUSE and other Improvements at the Falls of Potomack, in Virginia, belonging to RICHARD THOMPSON and the late THOMAS MAGRUDER.—For Terms apply to the Subſcriber in George-Town, Maryland.

RICHARD THOMPSON.

George-Town, April 26, 1785.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of FRANCIS DADE, Eſq; Attorney at Law, are requeſted to make immediate Payment of their Accounts to WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. of this Place, who is properly authorized to receive the ſame, and grant Diſcharges.—Thoſe failing may expect Suits will be commenced againſt them.

TOWNSHEND DADE, Adminiſtrator.

Alexandria, April 20, 1785.

Fredericksburg, April 11, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber this morning, a French ſervant man, named CHARLES DEGEAU, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 24 or 25 years of age; he has black curled hair, of a dark complexion, and tolerable good features.—He took with him when he went away a fuſtian jacket and breeches and grey furtout coat; but as he had a variety of cloathing, it is uncertain what he may wear. He ſpeaks the French and German languages, but Engliſh imperfectly.—Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervant, or ſecures him in any goal on the continent ſhall have TEN DOLLARS reward, by

GARLAND THOMPSON.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements*, &c. are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.